Chemistry 141 Name

Dr. Cary Willard

Exam 1b February 25, 2013

Multiple Choice (30 points)

Page 5 (14 points)

Page 6 (12 points)

Page 7 (10 points)

Page 8 (18 points)

Page 9 (17 points)

Page 10 (12 points)

Total (113 points)

Percent (100 %)

All work must be shown to receive credit. Give all answers to the correct number of significant figures

Avogadros number = 6.022 x 1023 /mol



4 quarts = 1 gallon

36 in = 1 yard

12 in = 1 ft

1 cc = 1cm3 = 1 mL

Area of a circle = πr2

Volume of a sphere = 4/3 πr3

Grossmont College

Periodic Table

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| IA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  | VIIA | NOBLE GASES |
| 1  **H**  1.008 | IIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  | IIIA | IVA | VA | VIA | 1  **H**  1.008 | 2  **He**  4.002 |
| 3  **Li**  6.941 | 4  **Be**  9.012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  | 5  **B**  10.81 | 6  **C**  12.01 | 7  **N**  14.01 | 8  **O**  16.00 | 9  **F**  19.00 | 10  **Ne**  20.18 |
| 11  **Na**  23.00 | 12  **Mg**  24.30 | IIIB | IVB | VB | VIB | VIIB | VIII VIII VIII | | | | IB | IIB | 13  **Al**  27.00 | 14  **Si**  28.09 | 15  **P**  30.97 | 16  **S**  32.06 | 17  **Cl**  35.45 | 18  **Ar**  39.95 |
| 19  **K**  39.10 | 20  **Ca**  40.08 | 21  **Sc**  44.96 | 22  **Ti**  47.90 | 23  **V**  50.94 | 24  **Cr**  52.00 | 25  **Mn**  54.94 | 26  **Fe**  55.85 | 27  **Co**  58.93 | 28  **Ni**  58.70 | | 29  **Cu**  63.55 | 30  **Zn**  65.38 | 31  **Ga**  69.72 | 32  **Ge**  72.59 | 33  **As**  74.92 | 34  **Se**  78.96 | 35  **Br**  79.90 | 36  **Kr**  83.80 |
| 37  **Rb**  85.47 | 38  **Sr**  87.62 | 39  **Y**  88.91 | 40  **Zr**  91.22 | 41  **Nb**  92.91 | 42  **Mo**  95.94 | 43  **Tc**  (99) | 44  **Ru**  101.1 | 45  **Rh**  102.9 | 46  **Pd**  106.4 | 47  **Ag**  107.9 | | 48  **Cd**  112.4 | 49  **In**  114.8 | 50  **Sn**  118.7 | 51  **Sb**  121.8 | 52  **Te**  127.6 | 53  **I**  126.9 | 54  **Xe**  131.3 |
| 55  **Cs**  132.9 | 56  **Ba**  137.3 | 57  **La**  138.9 | 72  **Hf**  178.5 | 73  **Ta**  180.9 | 74  **W**  183.9 | 75  **Re**  186.2 | 76  **Os**  190.2 | 77  **Ir**  192.2 | 78  **Pt**  195.1 | 79  **Au**  197.0 | | 80  **Hg**  200.6 | 81  **Tl**  204.4 | 82  **Pb**  207.2 | 83  **Bi**  209.0 | 84  **Po**  (209) | 85  **At**  (210) | 86  **Rn**  (222) |
| 87  **Fr**  (223) | 88  **Ra**  226.0 | 89  **Ac**  227.0 | 104  **Rf**  (261) | 105  **Db**  (262) | 106  **Sg**  (263) | 107  **Bh**  (262) | 108  **Hs**  (265) | 109  **Mt**  (266) | 110  **??**  (269) |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 58  **Ce**  140.1 | 59  **Pr**  140.9 | 60  **Nd**  144.2 | 61  **Pm**  (147) | 62  **Sm**  150.4 | 63  **Eu**  152.0 | 64  **Gd**  157.3 | 65  **Tb**  158.9 | 66  **Dy**  162.5 | 67  **Ho**  164.9 | 68  **Er**  167.3 | 69  **Tm**  168.9 | 70  **Yb**  173.0 | 71  **Lu**  175.0 |
| 90  **Th**  232.0 | 91  **Pa**  231.0 | 92  **U**  238.0 | 93  **Np**  (237) | 94  **Pu**  (244) | 95  **Am**  (243) | 96  **Cm**  (247) | 97  **Bk**  (247) | 98  **Cf**  (251) | 99  **Es**  (252) | 100  **Fm**  (257) | 101  **Md**  (258) | 102  **No**  (259) | 103  **Lr**  (260) |

Lanthanide series

Actinide series

Multiple Choice (30 points) – Give the best answer for each of the following questions.

1. Bromine belongs to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ group of the periodic table.
   1. alkali metal
   2. noble gas
   3. halogen
   4. alkaline earth metal
2. Which one of the following statements about temperature scales is **false**?
   1. The freezing point of water on theCelsius scale is 0 degrees.
   2. The boiling point of water on the Fahrenheit scale is 212 degrees.
   3. TheCelsius degree is smaller than the Fahrenheit degree.
   4. All temperatures on the Kelvin scale are positive numbers.
3. Which of the following statements does not describe a **chemical** property of oxygen?
   1. The pressure is caused by collision of oxygen molecules with the sides of a container.
   2. When coal is burned in oxygen, the process is called combustion.
   3. Iron will rust in the presence of oxygen.
   4. Oxygen combines with carbon to form carbon dioxide gas.
4. Which of the following is **not** explained by Dalton's atomic theory?
   1. the existence of more than one isotope of an element
   2. the law of multiple proportions
   3. conservation of mass during a chemical reaction
   4. the law of definite proportions
5. Which of the following two atoms are isotopes?
   1. and 
   2. and 
   3. and 
   4. and 
6. How many protons (p) and neutrons (n) are in an atom of 
   1. 52 p, 38 n
   2. 90 p, 38 n
   3. 38 p, 90 n
   4. 38 p, 52 n
7. A banana split is an example of
   1. a heterogeneous mixture.
   2. an element.
   3. a homogeneous mixture.
   4. a compound.
8. How many electrons are in the ion, P3-?
   1. 12
   2. 18
   3. 28
   4. 34
9. Which of the compounds, Li3P, PH3, C2H6, IBr3, are ionic compounds?
   1. only Li3P
   2. only C2H6
   3. PH3, C2H6, and IBr3
   4. Li3P and PH3
10. The solid compound, Na2CO3, contains
    1. Na+, C4+, and O2- ions.
    2. Na2CO3 molecules.
    3. Na+ ions and CO32-ions.
    4. Na2+ and CO32- ions.
11. How many H+ ions can the acid H3PO4 donate per molecule?
    1. 0
    2. 1
    3. 2
    4. 3
12. Which statement about diluted solutions is **false**? When a solution is diluted
    1. the concentration of the solution decreases.
    2. the number of moles of solute remains unchanged.
    3. the molarity of the solution decreases.
    4. the number of moles of solvent remains unchanged.
13. Which statement about elemental analysis by combustion is **not** correct?
    1. Only carbon and hydrogen can be determined directly from CO2 and H2O.
    2. Hydrogen is determined from the amount of H2O formed.
    3. Oxygen is determined from the amount of H2O formed.
    4. Carbon is determined from the amount of CO2 formed.
14. HBr, HCl, HClO4, KBr, and NaCl are all classified as
    1. strong electrolytes.
    2. weak electrolytes.
    3. acids.
    4. nonelectrolytes.
15. What reagent could **not** be used to separate Cl- from OH- when added to an aqueous solution containing both?
    1. Cu(NO3)2 (*aq*)
    2. Ca(NO3)2 (*aq*)
    3. AgNO3 (*aq*)
    4. Fe(NO3)2 (*aq*)

Problems

1. (5 points) Give the IUPAC name for the following compounds
   1. MgF2
   2. KHSO4
   3. Cr(BrO3)6
   4. HNO3
   5. SeCl5
2. (5 points) Write the correct formula for each of the following compounds
   1. Nickel(II) perbromate
   2. Silver sulfide
   3. Potassium chromate
   4. Xenon tetrafluoride
   5. Hypoiodic acid
3. (4 points) Perform the following calculation and report your answer with the correct number of significant figures.
4. (6 points) It is a very rainy February in San Diego this year. If I have just built a round fish pond in my backyard with a diameter of 5.38 feet, how many liters of water will collect in the fish pond if there are 4.08 in of rain this month. (Assume that none of the water collected will evaporate over the course of the month.)
5. (6 points) A certain element X forms a compound with oxygen in which there are two atoms of X for every three atoms of O. In this compound, 2.167 g of X is combined with 1.000 g of oxygen. Identify the element X.
6. (10 points) Complete the following double displacement reactions with balanced molecular, total ionic, and net ionic equations.

Fe(NO3)2*(aq)* + H3PO4*(aq)* 🡪

Balanced total ionic equation

Balanced net ionic equation

CuSO4*(aq)* + NH3*(aq)* 🡪

Balanced total ionic equation

Balanced net ionic equation

1. (18 points) Splenda, a non-caloric sweetener, is composed of sucralose, an analog of sucrose which is not digestable. The chemical formula for sucralose is C12H19Cl3O8.
   1. Calculate the molar mass of sucralose.
   2. Calculate the number of moles of carbon in 4.29 moles of sucralose.
   3. Calculate the number of molecules of sucralose that contains 798 atoms of hydrogen.
   4. Calculate the mass of sucralose that contains 3.751 x 1024 atoms of carbon.
   5. Calculate the mass in grams of one molecule of sucralose.
   6. Calculate the number of grams of water that will be formed by the combustion of enough sucralose to form 53.64 g of carbon dioxide.
2. (5 points) How many grams of copper are in 250.0 mL of a 25.4% solution of copper (II) chloride with a density of 1.284 g/mL?
3. (12 points) The reaction of hydrazine, N2H4, with hydrogen peroxide, H2O2, has been used in rocket engines. One way these compounds react is described by the equation

N2H4 + 7 H2O2 🡪 2 HNO3 + 8 H2O

* 1. How many moles of nitric acid will be formed by the complete reaction of 6.24 moles of peroxide?
  2. How many grams of hydrazine are required to produce 300.0 grams of water?
  3. How many molecules of water will be produced by the complete reaction of 10.0 grams of hydrazine?
  4. If 1.320 x 1024 molecules of water are formed from the reaction in part c, what is the percent yield for the reaction?

1. (12 points) You mix 487.0 mL of 0.2754 M sodium carbonate with 400.0 mL of 0.6684 M iron(III) bromide. Write the reaction and determine the number of grams of iron(III) carbonate produced, and the final concentration of all ions in the solution.

Balanced chemical equation (Check with me before you go on to be sure this is correct.)

Moles Fe2(CO3)3 produced Mass Fe2(CO3)3 produced

Moles Na+1 = [Na+1] =

Moles CO3-2 = [CO3-2] =

Moles Fe+3 = [Fe+3] =

Moles Br-1 = [Br-1] =